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Company name (Japanese):	日本たばこ産業株式会社 (<i>Nihon Tabako Sangyo Kabushiki-Kaisha</i>)
Company name (English):	JAPAN TOBACCO INC.
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Places where the document is available for public inspection:	Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. (2-1, Nihonbashi-kabutocho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

A. Company Information

I. Overview of the Group

1. Trends in principal management benchmarks

Term	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	30th term
Accounting period	From April 1, 2014 to June 30, 2014	From January 1, 2015 to March 31, 2015	From April 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014
Revenue (Millions of yen)	556,448	554,893	2,153,970
Profit before income taxes (Millions of yen)	147,516	145,293	502,299
Profit for the period (Millions of yen)	107,796	105,036	368,626
Profit attributable to owners of the parent company (Millions of yen)	106,181	104,195	362,919
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period (Millions of yen)	3,465	(73,087)	244,868
Total equity (Millions of yen)	2,480,969	2,356,900	2,622,503
Total assets (Millions of yen)	4,399,198	4,342,002	4,704,706
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	58.42	57.59	199.67
Diluted earnings per share (Yen)	58.39	57.56	199.56
Ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent company to total assets (%)	54.47	52.33	53.92
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities (Millions of yen)	(27,111)	(140,326)	543,696
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities (Millions of yen)	(27,437)	(34,910)	(49,110)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities (Millions of yen)	(51,938)	(12,230)	(388,859)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Millions of yen)	138,659	195,182	385,820

Notes: 1. The Group prepares the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter, "IFRS").

2. Filing company's trends in principal management benchmarks are not disclosed as JT prepares quarterly consolidated financial statements.
3. The yen amounts are rounded to the nearest million.
4. Revenue does not include consumption taxes.
5. JT changed its fiscal year end from March 31 to December 31 effective from the 30th term. The same change was made to consolidated subsidiaries with fiscal year ends other than December 31. As a consequence of this change, the period of consolidation of the 30th term was the period from April 1, 2014, to December 31, 2014, for JT and its main consolidated subsidiaries that do not belong to the international tobacco business segment. For consolidated subsidiaries that belong to the international tobacco business segment, the period of consolidation was the period from January 1, 2014, to December 31, 2014.
6. Owing to the change in the fiscal year end in the 30th term, the first three months of the 30th term comprised the period from April 1, 2014, to June 30, 2014, and the first three months of the 31st term comprised the period from January 1, 2015, to March 31, 2015 (for the first three months of the 30th term, the period of consolidation was April 1, 2014, to June 30, 2014, for JT and its main consolidated subsidiaries that do not belong to the international tobacco business segment. For consolidated subsidiaries that belong to the international tobacco business segment, the period of consolidation was January 1, 2014, to March 31, 2014).

2. Business description

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there were neither material changes in the business of the Group (JT, 212 consolidated subsidiaries and 11 companies accounted for by the equity method) mentioned in the previous fiscal year's Annual Securities Report nor changes in principal subsidiaries and affiliates.

As announced on February 4, 2015, we decided to withdraw from manufacture and sale of JT beverage products in the Beverage Business, targeting the withdrawal by the end of September 2015.

II. Review of operations

1. Business and other risks

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there were no new businesses or other risks.

There were no material changes to the items regarding business and other risks mentioned in the previous fiscal year's Annual Securities Report.

2. Important operational contracts

No important operational contracts were decided or entered into during the first quarter ended March 31, 2015.

3. Analysis of financial position, operating results and cash flow position

JT changed its fiscal year end from March 31 to December 31 from the previous fiscal year. The same change was made to consolidated subsidiaries with fiscal year ends other than December 31.

As a consequence of this change, the first quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, was the period from April 1, 2014, to June 30, 2014, for JT and its main consolidated subsidiaries that do not belong to the international tobacco business segment. For consolidated subsidiaries that belong to the international tobacco business segment, the fiscal year was the period from January 1, 2014, to March 31, 2014.

In the following information, in order to provide a basis to enable comparisons that contribute to investment decisions, some figures provided may have been calculated on the assumption that the accounting period for comparisons for JT and all of its consolidated subsidiaries is the 3-month period from January 2014 through March 2014. However, in cases where there is no statement to that effect, the figures provided are based on the accounting periods and accounting period ends under the accounting system.

Revenue, operating profit, adjusted operating profit and profit attributable to owners of the parent company for all companies in the period from January through March 2014 will be provided in IV. Accounting.

Matters concerning the future in this document were determined by the Group as of March 31, 2015.

(Non-GAAP financial measures)

The Group also discloses certain additional financial measures that are not required or defined under IFRS, which is the accounting standard JT applies. These financial measures are used internally to manage each of our business operations to understand their underlying performance, in view of our target for med- to long-term sustainable growth, and we believe that they provide useful information for users of our financial statements to assess the Group's performance.

Core revenue

For tobacco business, core revenue is disclosed additionally as a breakdown of revenue. Specifically, the revenue for the domestic tobacco business is presented after deducting imported tobacco delivery charges,

among others, while the revenue for the international tobacco business is presented after deducting the revenue accounted for in distribution business and contract manufacturing, among others.

Adjusted operating profit

In order to provide useful comparative information on our performance, adjusted operating profit comprised of operating profit less amortization cost of acquired intangibles and adjustment items (income and costs) is presented. Adjustment items (income and costs) are impairment losses on goodwill, restructuring income and costs, and other items.

Furthermore, adjusted operating profit (at constant rates of exchange) growth rate in the consolidated performance is also presented as additional information. This is a financial measurement that excludes foreign exchange effects by translating and calculating adjusted operating profit for the current period in the international tobacco business using the foreign exchange rates of the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(1) Operating results

In “(1) Operating results,” figures have been calculated on the assumption that the accounting period for comparisons for JT and all of its consolidated subsidiaries is the 3-month period from January 2014 through March 2014.

<Revenue>

Revenue decreased by ¥32.1 billion or 5.5%, from the same period of the previous year to ¥554.9 billion. This was mainly the result of a sales volume decline in the Domestic Tobacco Business including the impact of a consumption tax hike.

(Billions of yen)					
	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change		
Revenue	587.0	554.9	(32.1)	(5.5)%	
Domestic Tobacco Business	180.3	157.6	(22.7)	(12.6)%	
Of which, core revenue	171.1	149.6	(21.5)	(12.6)%	
International Tobacco Business	305.1	299.9	(5.3)	(1.7)%	
Of which, core revenue	283.7	282.3	(1.5)	(0.5)%	
Pharmaceutical Business	18.2	16.6	(1.6)	(8.8)%	
Beverage Business	38.4	38.8	0.4	0.9%	
Processed Food Business	41.8	39.9	(1.9)	(4.5)%	

* Figures exclude intersegment revenue.

* Revenue includes rent received from leased properties in addition to items relating to the segments shown above.

<Operating profit, adjusted operating profit and profit attributable to owners of the parent company>

Mainly as a result of the sales volume decline in the Domestic Tobacco Business, adjusted operating profit decreased by ¥4.7 billion or 2.9%, from the same period of the previous year to ¥158.6 billion. Adjusted operating profit at constant rates of exchange increased by 5.6% from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Operating profit decreased by ¥13.1 billion, or 8.4%, from the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥143.4 billion.

Profit attributable to owners of the parent company increased by ¥14.9 billion, or 16.7%, from the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥104.2 billion, due mainly to a decrease in income taxes.

(Billions of yen)

	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Adjusted operating profit	163.3	158.6	(4.7)	(2.9)%
Domestic Tobacco Business	66.5	57.0	(9.5)	(14.3)%
International Tobacco Business	105.1	105.0	(0.1)	(0.1)%
Pharmaceutical Business	(0.4)	(0.8)	(0.5)	—
Processed Food Business	0.1	0.9	0.8	568.2%
Beverage Business	(0.6)	(0.5)	0.1	—
Operating profit	156.6	143.4	(13.1)	(8.4)%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent company	89.3	104.2	14.9	16.7%

* Operating profit and adjusted operating profit include business activities relating to rent of real estate and corporate expenses relating to corporate communication and operation of the head office in addition to operating profit and adjusted operating profit relating to factors other than the segments shown above.

Operating results by segment are as follows.

Domestic Tobacco Business

Sales volume in the three months ended March 31, 2015, decreased by 16.2% from the same period of the previous year. This mainly reflected the occurrence of a rush in demand in the same period of the previous year ahead of the consumption tax hike implemented in April 2014 and a decline in total demand due to a trend toward decline and the impact of the consumption tax hike.

Furthermore, market share was 59.9% (compared with a share of 60.4% in January through December 2014). Amid intensifying competition reflecting such factors as new product launches by competitor companies, market share for Mevius was firm due mainly to the launches of three products in the “Mevius Premium Menthol Option Yellow” lineup. Going forward, JT will continue to proactively launch new products in Mevius and other focus brands and work to further strengthen brand equity.

(Billions of cigarettes)

Domestic Tobacco Business	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Sales volume	30.4	25.5	(4.9)	(16.2)%

* In addition to the figure stated above, during the three months ended March 31, 2015, 0.9 billion cigarettes were sold at duty-free shops in Japan, as well as at markets in China, Hong Kong and Macau that are under the control of JT's China Division (0.8 billion cigarettes in the same period of the previous fiscal year).

The decline in sales volume was partially offset by favorable pricing, and core revenue decreased by 12.6% from the same period of the previous year. Domestic cigarette revenue per 1,000 cigarettes was ¥5,671.

Furthermore, although there were benefits from continued cost reductions and others, these were exceeded by the effect of the decrease in sales volume. As a result, adjusted operating profit decreased by 14.3% from the same period of the previous year.

(Billions of yen)

Domestic Tobacco Business	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Revenue	180.3	157.6	(22.7)	(12.6)%
Of which, core revenue	171.1	149.6	(21.5)	(12.6)%
Adjusted operating profit	66.5	57.0	(9.5)	(14.3)%

International Tobacco Business

In the three months ended March 31, 2015, despite factors including the impact of a decline in total demand in Russia, total shipment volume^(Note 1) in the International Tobacco Business increased by 0.5% from the same period of the previous fiscal year and shipment volume among GFBs^(Note 2) increased by 8.4%. This mainly reflected a substantial increase in market share in Turkey resulting from a review of sales prices for Camel and the positive impact from the occurrence of trade inventory adjustments in the same period of the previous year.

(Billions of cigarettes)

International Tobacco Business	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Shipment volume	87.7	88.1	0.4	0.5%
Of which, GFBs	55.3	60.0	4.7	8.4%

Despite favorable pricing in addition to the increase in shipment volume, dollar-based core revenue decreased by 14.2% and adjusted operating profit decreased by 13.8%, due mainly to unfavorable foreign exchange effects on some local currencies, particularly the ruble. Adjusted operating profit at constant rates of exchange increased by 13.1%.

(Millions of U.S. dollar)

International Tobacco Business (U.S. dollar-based)	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Revenue	2,969	2,517	(453)	(15.2)%
Of which, core revenue	2,761	2,369	(392)	(14.2)%
Adjusted operating profit	1,022	881	(141)	(13.8)%

Yen-based core revenue and adjusted operating profit decreased by 0.5% and 0.1%, respectively, as a result of the impact of weaker yen when making conversions to that currency.

(Billions of yen)

International Tobacco Business	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Change	
Revenue	305.1	299.9	(5.3)	(1.7)%
Of which, core revenue	283.7	282.3	(1.5)	(0.5)%
Adjusted operating profit	105.1	105.0	(0.1)	(0.1)%

Note 1: Includes fine cut tobacco, cigars, pipe tobacco and snus, except for contract manufacturing products, waterpipe tobacco products and Emerging Products.

Note 2: We have identified eight brands which serve as flagships of the Group's brand portfolio, Winston, Camel, Mevius, Benson & Hedges, Silk Cut, LD, Sobranie and Glamour, which we collectively call the Global Flagship Brands (GFBs).

* In the three months ended March 31, 2015, the exchange rates of currencies against the U.S. dollar were as follows.

Foreign exchange rate per U.S. dollar	January through March 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Yen	102.77	119.16
Ruble	34.97	62.27
Pounds sterling	0.60	0.66
Euro	0.73	0.89

Pharmaceutical Business

In the pharmaceutical business, we are striving to establish a stronger profit platform by maximizing the value of each product and promoting R&D on next-generation strategic products. In the area of product development, the number of compounds developed in-house that are under clinical development is now 11.

In the three months ended March 31, 2015, in March 2015, JT and JT Group company Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. signed an agreement regarding two new anti-HIV drugs containing tenofovir alafenamide, a nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitor, discovered by Gilead Sciences, Inc., for which JT holds the exclusive rights to develop and commercialize in Japan. Under the terms of the agreement, Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. holds exclusive rights to market the drugs in Japan, subsequent to JT's obtaining manufacturing and marketing approval from the Japanese authorities.

Revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2015, decreased by ¥1.6 billion, or 8.8%, from the same period of the previous year to ¥16.6 billion, despite an increase in royalty income. The decrease reflected the occurrence of milestone revenue for out-licensed compounds in the same period of the previous year and temporarily heightened demand at Torii Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ahead of the consumption tax hike in April 2014. Adjusted operating loss was ¥0.8 billion, a deterioration of ¥0.5 billion from the loss of ¥0.4 billion posted in the same period of the previous fiscal year, due mainly to the decline in revenue.

Processed Food Business

In the Processed Food Business, we continued working to expand sales of staple food products such as frozen noodles, frozen rice, packed rice and baked frozen bread in the three months ended March 31, 2015. Specifically, we conducted vigorous sales promotions for products including "Sanuki Udon Noodles 3 packs," which were newly launched in our flagship line of frozen Udon noodles, and our series of very simple and convenient microwave-only authentic Chinese noodles with trays provided, such as "Green Pepper Steak Noodles."

Revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2015, increased by ¥0.4 billion, or 0.9%, from the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥38.8 billion, due mainly to the effects of price revisions. Adjusted operating profit increased by ¥0.8 billion, or 568.2%, from the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥0.9 billion, due mainly to the effects of price revisions, improvement in the cost to sales ratio and efficient execution of expenditure.

Beverage Business

As announced on February 4, 2015, we decided to withdraw from manufacture and sale of JT beverage products in the Beverage Business, targeting the withdrawal by the end of September 2015.

Revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2015, decreased by ¥1.9 billion, or 4.5%, from the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥39.9 billion due to a decline in sales volume. Adjusted operating loss was ¥0.5 billion, an improvement of ¥0.1 billion from the loss of ¥0.6 billion posted in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(2) Operational and financial issues to be addressed

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there were no material changes in issues to be addressed by the Group mentioned in the previous fiscal year's Annual Securities Report.

(3) Research and development activities

Research and development expenses for the entire Group during the three months ended March 31, 2015, were ¥13.5 billion.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there were no material changes in the status of the Group's research and development activities mentioned in the previous fiscal year's Annual Securities Report.

(4) Analysis of capital resources and liquidity of funds

a. Funding requirements

Funds are allocated for capital expenditure, working capital and acquiring external capital resources as well as the repayment of loans, the payment of interest and dividends, the acquisition of treasury shares and the payment of income taxes.

b. Resources of funds

The necessary funds are mainly procured from net cash flows from operating activities, loans from financial institutions and bond and commercial paper issuances.

<Cash flows>

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the first quarter ended March 31, 2015 decreased by ¥190.6 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥195.2 billion. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the same period of the previous fiscal year was ¥138.7 billion.

* In Japan, the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 (December 31, 2014) was a holiday for financial institutions. Consequently, an additional month's worth of tobacco excise taxes payable is included in cash and cash equivalents at the period-end in comparison to the equivalent amounts if the period-end had been a business day for financial institutions. The amount of national excise taxes paid on the business day immediately following the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 was ¥136.8 billion.

Cash flows from (used in) operating activities

Net cash flows used in operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 were ¥140.3 billion, compared with ¥27.1 billion used in the same period of the previous fiscal year. This was mainly due to payments of national tobacco excise tax and income taxes, despite the generation of a stable cash inflow from the tobacco business.

As a result of a holiday for financial institutions, the amount of national tobacco excise tax payable for the current period is for four months, while the amount for the same period of the previous fiscal year is for three months.

Cash flows from (used in) investing activities

Net cash flows used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 were ¥34.9 billion, compared with ¥27.4 billion used in the same period of the previous fiscal year. This was mainly due to the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

Cash flows from (used in) financing activities

Net cash flows used in financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 were ¥12.2 billion, compared with ¥51.9 billion used in the same period of the previous fiscal year. This was mainly due to the acquisition of treasury shares and the payment of cash dividends, despite proceeds from borrowings and commercial paper.

<Interest-bearing debt>

Long-term debt

Bonds issued (including the current portion) as of December 31, 2014 and as of March 31, 2015 accounted for ¥140.0 billion and ¥139.8 billion respectively and long-term borrowings as loans from financial institutions (including the current portion) accounted for ¥41.0 billion and ¥40.8 billion respectively. Long-term lease obligations totaled ¥15.3 billion as of December 31, 2014 and ¥16.0 billion as of March 31, 2015.

Short-term debt

Short-term borrowings from financial institutions totaled ¥27.6 billion as of December 31, 2014 and ¥155.6 billion as of March 31, 2015, respectively. There was no commercial paper outstanding as of December 31, 2014, but commercial paper outstanding as of March 31, 2015, totaled ¥49.0 billion. Short-term lease obligations totaled ¥4.3 billion as of December 31, 2014 and ¥4.5 billion as of March 31, 2015.

c. Liquidity

We have historically had, and expect to continue to have, significant cash flows from operating activities. We expect that cash generated from operating activities will continue to be stable and cover funds needed for regular business activities. On March 31, 2015, we had committed lines of credit from major financial institutions both domestic and international. In addition, we have a domestic commercial paper program, uncommitted lines of credit, and a domestic bond shelf registration.

III. Filing company

1. Information on the Company (JT)'s shares

(1) Total number of shares authorized

a. Total number of shares authorized

Class	Total number of shares authorized (Share)
Ordinary shares	8,000,000,000
Total	8,000,000,000

b. Number of shares issued

Class	Number of shares issued (Share; as of March 31, 2015)	Number of shares issued (Share; as of the date of filing: May 1, 2015)	Name of financial instruments exchange where the stock of JT is traded or the name of authorized financial instruments firms association where JT is registered	Details
Ordinary shares	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	Tokyo Stock Exchange (First Section)	(Note 2)
Total	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	–	–

Notes: 1. The provisions of Article 2 of the Japan Tobacco Inc. Act prescribe that the Japanese government must continue to hold more than one-third of all JT shares issued (excluding shares of a class for which it is provided that the voting rights may not be exercised for all the matters that are subject to resolution at the shareholders meeting).

2. JT's standard class of shares with no rights limitations. Its share trading unit is 100 shares.

(2) Status of subscription rights to shares

No items to report

(3) Exercise of bond certificates with subscription rights to shares with exercise price amendment clause

No items to report

(4) Details of rights plan

No items to report

(5) Trends in total number of shares issued, capital stock

Date	Fluctuation in the number of shares issued (Thousands of shares)	Balance of shares issued (Thousands of shares)	Fluctuation in capital stock (Millions of yen)	Balance of capital stock (Millions of yen)	Fluctuation in capital reserve (Millions of yen)	Balance of capital reserve (Millions of yen)
January 1, 2015 to March 31, 2015	–	2,000,000	–	100,000	–	736,400

(6) Status of major shareholders

As the current quarterly accounting period is the first quarter, there are no items to report.

(7) Status of voting rights

a. Shares issued

(As of March 31, 2015)

Classification	Number of shares (Share)	Number of voting rights	Details
Shares without voting rights	–	–	–
Shares with restricted voting rights (Treasury stock)	–	–	–
Shares with restricted voting rights (Other)	–	–	–
Shares with full voting rights (Treasury stock)	Ordinary shares 209,333,500	–	(Note 2)
Shares with full voting rights (Other)	Ordinary shares 1,790,641,400	17,906,414	(Note 2)
Shares less than one unit	Ordinary shares 25,100	–	(Note 3)
Total number of shares issued	2,000,000,000	–	–
Total number of voting rights	–	17,906,414	–

Notes: 1. The number of “Shares with full voting rights (Other)” includes 33,600 shares in the name of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc. “Number of voting rights” includes 336 units of voting rights related to shares with full voting rights in its name.

2. JT’s standard class of shares with no rights limitations. Its share trading unit is 100 shares.

3. 88 shares of treasury stock are included.

b. Treasury stock

(As of March 31, 2015)

Name of shareholder	Address	Number of shares held under own name (Share)	Number of shares held under the name of others (Share)	Total number of shares held (Share)	Percentage of number of shares held in the total number of shares issued (%)
Japan Tobacco Inc.	2-1, Toranomom 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan	209,333,500	–	209,333,500	10.47
Total	–	209,333,500	–	209,333,500	10.47

2. Status of officers

After filing of the previous fiscal year’s Annual Securities Report, there were no personnel changes of officers during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

IV. Accounting

1. Preparation policy for the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Japan Tobacco Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the “Company”) are prepared in conformity with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” (hereinafter referred to as “IAS 34”) pursuant to the provisions of Article 93 of the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 64 of 2007; hereinafter referred to as the “Ordinance on QCFS”).

Figures stated in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are rounded to the nearest million yen.

2. Audit certification

In accordance with the provisions of Article 193-2, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were reviewed by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC.

1. 【Condensed interim consolidated financial statements】

(1) 【Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position】

	(Millions of yen)	
	As of December 31, 2014	As of March 31, 2015
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	385,820	195,182
Trade and other receivables	448,402	410,334
Inventories	587,849	572,773
Other financial assets	43,907	44,981
Other current assets	230,530	286,804
Subtotal	1,696,507	1,510,074
Non-current assets held-for-sale	367	425
Total current assets	1,696,874	1,510,499
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	756,127	728,698
Goodwill (Note 7)	1,539,376	1,418,251
Intangible assets (Note 7)	364,912	342,926
Investment property	17,870	22,108
Retirement benefit assets	35,402	32,613
Investments accounted for using the equity method	76,825	72,378
Other financial assets	91,959	100,063
Deferred tax assets	125,361	114,466
Total non-current assets	3,007,832	2,831,503
Total assets	4,704,706	4,342,002

	As of December 31, 2014	(Millions of yen) As of March 31, 2015
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	419,764	384,781
Bonds and borrowings	107,562	284,409
Income tax payables	54,942	40,931
Other financial liabilities	14,463	15,733
Provisions	9,200	8,412
Other current liabilities	754,169	562,486
Total current liabilities	1,360,098	1,296,754
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds and borrowings	101,001	100,771
Other financial liabilities	18,617	18,909
Retirement benefit liabilities	351,915	344,085
Provisions	25,425	23,644
Other non-current liabilities	121,792	106,393
Deferred tax liabilities	103,356	94,546
Total non-current liabilities	722,106	688,348
Total liabilities	2,082,204	1,985,102
Equity		
Share capital	100,000	100,000
Capital surplus	736,400	736,405
Treasury shares	(344,447)	(444,435)
Other components of equity	142,425	(21,171)
Retained earnings	1,902,460	1,901,226
Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	2,536,838	2,272,025
Non-controlling interests	85,665	84,876
Total equity	2,622,503	2,356,900
Total liabilities and equity	4,704,706	4,342,002

(2) 【Condensed interim consolidated statement of income】

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Revenue (Notes 5, 9)	556,448	554,893
Cost of sales	(226,392)	(219,988)
Gross profit	330,056	334,905
Other operating income (Note 10)	7,637	1,350
Share of profit in investments accounted for using the equity method	1,279	905
Selling, general and administrative expenses (Note 11)	(190,745)	(193,750)
Operating profit (Note 5)	148,227	143,411
Financial income (Note 12)	3,049	4,315
Financial costs (Note 12)	(3,760)	(2,433)
Profit before income taxes	147,516	145,293
Income taxes	(39,720)	(40,256)
Profit for the period	107,796	105,036
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent company	106,181	104,195
Non-controlling interests	1,615	841
Profit for the period	107,796	105,036
Interim earnings per share		
Basic (Yen) (Note 14)	58.42	57.59
Diluted (Yen) (Note 14)	58.39	57.56

Reconciliation from “Operating profit” to “Adjusted operating profit”

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Operating profit	148,227	143,411
Amortization cost of acquired intangibles	7,335	7,457
Adjustment items (income)	(6,957)	(66)
Adjustment items (costs)	267	7,836
Adjusted operating profit (Note 5)	148,872	158,638

(3) 【Condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income】

		(Millions of yen)
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Profit for the period	107,796	105,036
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Net gain (loss) on revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,348	6,672
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (Note 13)	—	(14,541)
Total of items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	3,348	(7,869)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(107,424)	(170,420)
Net gain (loss) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	(254)	166
Total of items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(107,678)	(170,255)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	(104,330)	(178,123)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	<u>3,465</u>	<u>(73,087)</u>
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent company	1,858	(73,502)
Non-controlling interests	1,607	415
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	<u>3,465</u>	<u>(73,087)</u>

(4) 【Condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity】

(Millions of yen)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company			Other components of equity			
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Treasury shares	Subscription rights to shares	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	Net gain (loss) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	Net gain (loss) on revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
As of April 1, 2014	100,000	736,400	(344,463)	1,443	229,990	293	19,380
Profit for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(107,423)	(254)	3,354
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	—	—	—	—	(107,423)	(254)	3,354
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Disposal of treasury shares	—	1	1	(2)	—	—	—
Share-based payments	—	—	—	64	—	—	—
Dividends (Note 8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Changes in the ownership interest in a subsidiary without a loss of control	—	—	—	—	263	—	—
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
Other increase (decrease)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total transactions with the owners	—	1	1	62	263	—	23
As of June 30, 2014	100,000	736,401	(344,462)	1,506	122,831	39	22,758
As of January 1, 2015	100,000	736,400	(344,447)	1,631	116,421	1,215	23,156
Profit for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(169,865)	166	6,564
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	—	—	—	—	(169,865)	166	6,564
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	—	(100,000)	—	—	—	—
Disposal of treasury shares	—	5	11	(16)	—	—	—
Share-based payments	—	—	—	29	—	—	—
Dividends (Note 8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Changes in the ownership interest in a subsidiary without a loss of control	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	(11)
Other increase (decrease)	—	—	—	—	—	(462)	—
Total transactions with the owners	—	5	(99,988)	13	—	(462)	(11)
As of March 31, 2015	100,000	736,405	(444,435)	1,644	(53,443)	919	29,710

(Millions of yen)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company		Other components of equity			Total equity
	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	
As of April 1, 2014	—	251,107	1,762,566	2,505,610	90,481	2,596,091
Profit for the period	—	—	106,181	106,181	1,615	107,796
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	(104,323)	—	(104,323)	(7)	(104,330)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	—	(104,323)	106,181	1,858	1,607	3,465
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	—	—	—	—	—
Disposal of treasury shares	—	(2)	—	0	—	0
Share-based payments	—	64	—	64	—	64
Dividends (Note 8)	—	—	(90,877)	(90,877)	(1,209)	(92,087)
Changes in the ownership interest in a subsidiary without a loss of control	—	263	(20,703)	(20,440)	(5,733)	(26,173)
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	—	23	(23)	—	—	—
Other increase (decrease)	—	—	—	—	(391)	(391)
Total transactions with the owners	—	349	(111,604)	(111,253)	(7,333)	(118,587)
As of June 30, 2014	—	147,133	1,757,143	2,396,215	84,755	2,480,969
As of January 1, 2015	—	142,425	1,902,460	2,536,838	85,665	2,622,503
Profit for the period	—	—	104,195	104,195	841	105,036
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(14,562)	(177,697)	—	(177,697)	(426)	(178,123)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(14,562)	(177,697)	104,195	(73,502)	415	(73,087)
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	—	—	(100,000)	—	(100,000)
Disposal of treasury shares	—	(16)	—	0	—	0
Share-based payments	—	29	—	29	—	29
Dividends (Note 8)	—	—	(90,878)	(90,878)	(1,166)	(92,044)
Changes in the ownership interest in a subsidiary without a loss of control	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	14,562	14,551	(14,551)	—	—	—
Other increase (decrease)	—	(462)	—	(462)	(38)	(500)
Total transactions with the owners	14,562	14,102	(105,429)	(191,311)	(1,204)	(192,515)
As of March 31, 2015	—	(21,171)	1,901,226	2,272,025	84,876	2,356,900

(5) 【Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows】

	Three months ended June 30, 2014	(Millions of yen) Three months ended March 31, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	147,516	145,293
Depreciation and amortization	34,234	35,080
Impairment losses	41	438
Interest and dividend income	(2,957)	(4,239)
Interest expense	2,125	921
Share of profit in investments accounted for using the equity method	(1,279)	(905)
(Gains) losses on sale and disposal of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property	(5,884)	4,953
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	31,881	21,389
(Increase) decrease in inventories	10,031	4,290
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	(54,485)	(20,841)
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liabilities	667	(7,665)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid tobacco excise taxes	(63,816)	(56,829)
Increase (decrease) in tobacco excise tax payables	(6,772)	(118,226)
Increase (decrease) in consumption tax payables	9,505	(39,890)
Other	(44,200)	(57,280)
Subtotal	56,607	(93,511)
Interest and dividends received	3,991	4,377
Interest paid	(1,619)	(976)
Income taxes paid	(86,090)	(50,216)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(27,111)	(140,326)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of securities	(1,633)	(51)
Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities	626	86
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(28,844)	(29,717)
Proceeds from sale of investment property	7,274	70
Purchase of intangible assets	(3,226)	(3,294)
Payments into time deposits	(11)	(193)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	—	162
Other	(1,622)	(1,974)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(27,437)	(34,910)

	Three months ended June 30, 2014	(Millions of yen) Three months ended March 31, 2015
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid to owners of the parent company (Note 8)	(89,506)	(90,167)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(502)	(522)
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings and commercial paper	235,957	179,720
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(135)	(63)
Redemption of bonds	(170,670)	—
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(1,207)	(1,199)
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	(100,000)
Payments for acquisition of interests in subsidiaries from non-controlling interests	(25,876)	—
Other	0	0
Net cash flows from financing activities	(51,938)	(12,230)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(106,485)	(187,466)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	253,219	385,820
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(8,074)	(3,172)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 6)	138,659	195,182

【Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements】

1. Reporting entity

The Company is a joint stock corporation under the Companies Act of Japan, pursuant to the Japan Tobacco Inc. Act, with its principal places of business located in Japan since its incorporation. The addresses of the Company's registered head office and principal business offices are available on the Company's website (<http://www.jti.co.jp>).

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group") were approved on April 30, 2015 by Mitsuomi Koizumi, President and Chief Executive Officer.

2. Basis of preparation

The Group's condensed interim consolidated financial statements, which satisfy all the requirements concerning the "Specified Company" prescribed in Article 1-2 of the Ordinance on QCFS, are prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards pursuant to the provision of Article 93 of the Ordinance on QCFS.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with IAS 34 and do not include all information required for the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year. They should be read along with the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company and its subsidiaries with fiscal year ends other than December 31 have changed their fiscal year ends to December 31 since fiscal year 2014.

As a consequence of this change of fiscal year end, the comparable period was the period from April 1, 2014 to June 30, 2014, and the first quarter of fiscal year 2015 was the period from January 1, 2015 to March 31, 2015.

In addition, the fiscal year end date of JT International Holding B.V. and its subsidiaries which operate the Group's international tobacco business, continues to be December 31 as before, hence the Group consolidated financial results of the JTIH Group for the three-month period from January 1, 2014 to March 31, 2014 into the Group's consolidated financial results for the comparable period.

For the consolidated statement of income assuming that the comparable period of the Group had been the three-month period from January 1, 2014 to March 31, 2014, revenue, operating profit, adjusted operating profit, and profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent company would have been ¥586,996 million, ¥156,558 million, ¥163,317 million, and ¥89,300 million, respectively.

3. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted for the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those for the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 except the following items.

The Group computes income taxes for the interim period based on the estimated average annual effective tax rate.

(Changes in accounting policies)

The Group has adopted the following new accounting standards, amended standards and interpretations from the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

	IFRS	Description of new standards and amendments
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Amended in November 2013)	Amendments to hedge accounting
IAS 19	Employee Benefits	Clarifying the accounting treatment for contributions from employees or third parties set out in the formal terms of defined benefit plans.

The effect of the above standards and interpretations on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements is immaterial.

IFRS 9 mentioned above has been early adopted.

4. Significant accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group requires management estimates and assumptions in order to measure income, expenses, assets and liabilities, and disclose contingencies as of the interim period end date. These estimates and assumptions are based on the best judgment of management in light as of the historical experience and various factors deemed to be reasonable as of the interim period end date. Given their nature, actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

The estimates and assumptions are continuously reviewed by management. The effects of a change in estimates and assumptions are recognized in the period of the change or the period of the change and future periods.

In principle, estimates and assumptions that may have a material effect on the amounts recognized in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group are the same as those for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

5. Operating segments

(1) Outline of reportable segments

The reportable segments of the Group are determined based on the operating segments that are components of the Group about which separate financial information is available and are evaluated regularly by the Board of Directors in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Group is mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of tobacco products, prescription drugs, beverages and processed foods. With respect to tobacco products, operations are managed separately for domestic and overseas markets. The reportable segments of the Group are composed of five segments: “Domestic Tobacco Business,” “International Tobacco Business,” “Pharmaceutical Business,” “Beverage Business” and “Processed Food Business.” They are determined by types of products, characteristics, and markets.

The “Domestic Tobacco Business” manufactures and sells tobacco products in domestic areas (which include duty-free shops in Japan and markets in China, Hong Kong, and Macau where the Company’s China Division operates). The “International Tobacco Business” manufactures and sells tobacco products overseas mainly through JT International S.A., which controls manufacturing and sales operations. The “Pharmaceutical Business” consists of research and development, and the manufacture and sale of prescription drugs. The “Beverage Business” consists of the manufacture and sale of beverages. The “Processed Food Business” consists of the manufacture and sale of frozen and room-temperature processed foods, bakery products and seasonings.

(2) Revenues and performances for reportable segments

Revenues and performances for reportable segments are as follows. The Board of Directors assesses the segment performance and determines resource allocation after reviewing revenues and adjusted operating profit. Since financial income, financial costs and income taxes are managed by the Group head office, these income and expenses are excluded from the segment performance. Transactions within the segments are based on mainly the prevailing market price.

For the three months ended June 30, 2014

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segments						Other (Note 3)	Elimination	Consolidated
	Domestic Tobacco	International Tobacco (Note 2)	Pharma- ceuticals	Beverage	Processed Food	Total			
Revenue									
External revenue (Note 4)	152,486	305,150	13,113	44,909	37,349	553,007	3,441	—	556,448
Intersegment revenue	3,556	8,351	—	21	135	12,062	2,642	(14,703)	—
Total revenue	<u>156,041</u>	<u>313,500</u>	<u>13,113</u>	<u>44,930</u>	<u>37,484</u>	<u>565,069</u>	<u>6,083</u>	<u>(14,703)</u>	<u>556,448</u>
Segment profit (loss)									
Adjusted operating profit (Note 1)	<u>51,253</u>	<u>105,068</u>	<u>(3,754)</u>	<u>(1,369)</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>151,230</u>	<u>(2,401)</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>148,872</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segments						Other (Note 3)	Elimination	Consolidated
	Domestic Tobacco	International Tobacco	Pharma- ceuticals	Beverage	Processed Food	Total			
Revenue									
External revenue (Note 4)	157,554	299,868	16,637	39,875	38,782	552,717	2,176	—	554,893
Intersegment revenue	5,892	10,200	—	18	118	16,229	3,852	(20,081)	—
Total revenue	<u>163,446</u>	<u>310,069</u>	<u>16,637</u>	<u>39,894</u>	<u>38,900</u>	<u>568,946</u>	<u>6,028</u>	<u>(20,081)</u>	<u>554,893</u>
Segment profit (loss)									
Adjusted operating profit (Note 1)	<u>56,954</u>	<u>104,972</u>	<u>(837)</u>	<u>(514)</u>	<u>899</u>	<u>161,474</u>	<u>(2,554)</u>	<u>(282)</u>	<u>158,638</u>

Reconciliation from “Adjusted operating profit” to “Profit before income taxes”

For the three months ended June 30, 2014

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segments						Other (Note 3)	Elimination	Consolidated
	Domestic Tobacco	International Tobacco (Note 2)	Pharma- ceuticals	Beverage	Processed Food	Total			
Adjusted operating profit (Note 1)	51,253	105,068	(3,754)	(1,369)	32	151,230	(2,401)	43	148,872
Amortization cost of acquired intangibles	—	(7,335)	—	—	—	(7,335)	—	—	(7,335)
Adjustment items (income) (Note 5)	—	286	—	—	413	699	6,258	—	6,957
Adjustment items (costs) (Note 5)	(43)	(182)	—	—	(1)	(227)	(40)	—	(267)
Operating profit (loss)	51,210	97,837	(3,754)	(1,369)	443	144,366	3,817	43	148,227
Financial income									3,049
Financial costs									(3,760)
Profit before income taxes									147,516

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Millions of yen)

	Reportable Segments						Other (Note 3)	Elimination	Consolidated
	Domestic Tobacco	International Tobacco	Pharma- ceuticals	Beverage	Processed Food	Total			
Adjusted operating profit (Note 1)	56,954	104,972	(837)	(514)	899	161,474	(2,554)	(282)	158,638
Amortization cost of acquired intangibles	—	(7,457)	—	—	—	(7,457)	—	—	(7,457)
Adjustment items (income) (Note 5)	40	—	—	2	25	66	—	—	66
Adjustment items (costs) (Note 5)	(1,239)	(486)	—	(123)	(2)	(1,849)	(5,987)	—	(7,836)
Operating profit (loss)	55,755	97,029	(837)	(635)	922	152,233	(8,541)	(282)	143,411
Financial income									4,315
Financial costs									(2,433)
Profit before income taxes									145,293

- (Note 1) For adjusted operating profit, amortization cost of acquired intangibles, and adjustment items (income and costs) are excluded from operating profit (loss).
- (Note 2) The foreign subsidiaries group, which includes a core company of JT International S.A., that is part of the “International Tobacco Business” segment, continues to have December 31 as its fiscal year end date as before, and the profit or loss for the period from January 1, 2014 to March 31, 2014 is included in the three months ended June 30, 2014.
- (Note 3) “Other” includes business activities relating to rent of real estate and corporate expenses relating to corporate communication and operation of the head office.
- (Note 4) Core revenue as part of the “Domestic Tobacco Business” and the “International Tobacco Business” is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Domestic Tobacco	144,238	149,578
International Tobacco	283,731	282,266

- (Note 5) “Adjustment items (income)” include restructuring income of gain on sale of real estate. “Adjustment items (costs)” include restructuring costs of the closing down of a factory. The breakdown of restructuring income is described in “10. Other operating income.” Restructuring costs included in “Cost of sales” are ¥47 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and restructuring costs included in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” are ¥267 million and ¥7,789 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and March 31, 2015, respectively. The breakdown of restructuring costs is described in “11. Selling, general and administrative expenses.”

The breakdown of “Adjustment items (costs)” is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Restructuring costs	267	7,836
Adjustment items (costs)	267	7,836

Restructuring costs for the three months ended March 31, 2015 mainly relate to disposal of real estate.

6. Cash and cash equivalents

Included in “Cash and cash equivalents” as of March 31, 2015 is ¥57,035 million (IRR 15,804.7 billion) held by the Group’s Iranian subsidiary, JTI Pars PJS Co. Due to international sanctions and other factors imposed on Iran, the subsidiary’s ability to remit funds outside of Iran is restricted.

7. Property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets

The schedules of the carrying amount of “Property, plant and equipment,” “Goodwill” and “Intangible assets” are as follows:

Carrying Amount	(Millions of yen)		
	Property, plant and equipment	Goodwill	Intangible assets
As of January 1, 2015	756,127	1,539,376	364,912
Individual acquisition	27,207	—	3,840
Transfer to investment property	(8,544)	—	—
Transfer to non-current assets held-for-sale	(73)	—	—
Depreciation or amortization	(23,277)	—	(11,626)
Impairment losses	(39)	—	(41)
Reversal of impairment loss	147	—	—
Sale or disposal	(1,280)	—	(61)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(21,050)	(121,125)	(15,531)
Other	(519)	—	1,433
As of March 31, 2015	728,698	1,418,251	342,926

8. Dividends

Dividends paid for each interim period are as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2014

	Class of shares	Total dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividends per share (Yen)	Basis date	Effective date
(Resolution)					
Annual Shareholders’ Meeting (June 24, 2014)	Ordinary shares	90,877	50	March 31, 2014	June 25, 2014

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

	Class of shares	Total dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividends per share (Yen)	Basis date	Effective date
(Resolution)					
Annual Shareholders’ Meeting (March 20, 2015)	Ordinary shares	90,878	50	December 31, 2014	March 23, 2015

9. Revenue

The reconciliation from “Gross turnover” to “Revenue” for each interim period is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Gross turnover	1,675,445	1,739,453
Tobacco excise taxes and agency transaction amount	(1,118,997)	(1,184,560)
Revenue	<u>556,448</u>	<u>554,893</u>

10. Other operating income

The breakdown of “Other operating income” for each interim period is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property (Note)	6,862	199
Other (Note)	776	1,152
Total	<u>7,637</u>	<u>1,350</u>

(Note) The amount of restructuring income included in each account is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property	6,670	53
Other	—	13
Total	<u>6,670</u>	<u>66</u>

11. Selling, general and administrative expenses

The breakdown of “Selling, general and administrative expenses” for each interim period is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Advertising expenses	4,303	4,548
Promotion expenses	28,475	25,221
Shipping, warehousing expenses	6,679	6,894
Commission	11,920	11,535
Employee benefit expenses (Note)	71,300	70,317
Research and development expenses	13,690	13,491
Depreciation and amortization	17,668	18,528
Impairment losses on other than financial assets (Note)	41	438
Loss on sale and disposal of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property (Note)	1,484	7,240
Other (Note)	35,187	35,537
Total	190,745	193,750

(Note) The amount of restructuring costs included in each account is as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Employee benefit expenses	181	(152)
Impairment losses on other than financial assets	—	433
Loss on sale and disposal of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property	80	5,655
Other	5	1,852
Total	267	7,789

12. Financial income and financial costs

The breakdown of “Financial income” and “Financial costs” for each interim period is as follows:

Financial Income	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Dividend income	381	1,059
Interest income	2,576	3,180
Other	92	76
Total	3,049	4,315

Financial Costs	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Interest expenses (Note 2)	2,125	921
Foreign exchange losses (Note 1)	11	144
Employee benefit expenses (Note 3)	1,424	969
Other	200	398
Total	3,760	2,433

(Note 1) Valuation gain (loss) of currency derivatives is included in the foreign exchange losses.

(Note 2) Valuation gain (loss) of interest rate derivatives is included in interest expenses.

(Note 3) The employee benefit expenses are the net amount of interest cost and interest income related to employee benefits.

13. Other comprehensive income

“Remeasurements of defined benefit plans” for the three months ended March 31, 2015 include remeasurements arising from the effects of significant market fluctuations in relation to retirement benefit assets or liabilities.

14. Interim earnings per share

(1) Basis of calculating basic interim earnings per share

a. Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent company	106,181	104,195
Profit not attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	—	—
Profit for the period used for calculation of basic interim earnings per share	<u>106,181</u>	<u>104,195</u>

b. Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period

	(Thousands of shares)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Weighted-average number of shares during the period	1,817,549	1,809,191

(2) Basis of calculating diluted interim earnings per share

a. Profit attributable to owners of diluted ordinary shareholders

	(Millions of yen)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Profit for the period used for calculation of basic interim earnings per share	106,181	104,195
Adjustment	—	—
Profit for the period used for calculation of diluted interim earnings per share	<u>106,181</u>	<u>104,195</u>

b. Weighted-average number of diluted ordinary shares outstanding during the period

	(Thousands of shares)	
	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares during the period	1,817,549	1,809,191
Increased number of ordinary shares under subscription rights to share	1,010	1,067
Weighted-average number of diluted ordinary shares during the period	<u>1,818,559</u>	<u>1,810,258</u>

15. Financial instruments

(Fair value of financial instruments)

The carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost are as follows:

	(Millions of yen)			
	As of December 31, 2014		As of March 31, 2015	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Long-term borrowings (Note)	40,976	40,976	40,789	40,789
Bonds (Note)	139,954	142,586	139,787	142,596
(Note) Current portion is included.				

With regard to short-term financial assets and short-term financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, their fair value approximates the carrying amount.

The fair value of long-term borrowings is calculated based on the present value which is obtained by discounting the total of the principal and interest by the interest rate assumed in a case where the same loan is newly made.

The fair value of bonds issued by the Group is based on the market price for those having market prices, and based on the present value that is obtained by discounting the total of principal and interest by the interest rate, for which the remaining period and credit risk of such bonds are taken into consideration.

The fair value hierarchy of financial instruments is categorized as follows from Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: Fair value measured at the quoted price in the active market

Level 2: Fair value that is calculated using the observable price other than categorized in Level 1 directly or indirectly

Level 3: Fair value that is calculated based on valuation techniques which include input that is not based on observable market data

The fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value is as follows:

As of December 31, 2014				(Millions of yen)
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Derivative assets	—	31,837	—	31,837
Equity securities	55,499	—	3,856	59,355
Other	279	—	1,555	1,834
Total	<u>55,778</u>	<u>31,837</u>	<u>5,411</u>	<u>93,025</u>
Derivative liabilities	—	10,010	—	10,010
Total	<u>—</u>	<u>10,010</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>10,010</u>
As of March 31, 2015				(Millions of yen)
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Derivative assets	—	32,852	—	32,852
Equity securities	62,944	—	4,587	67,531
Other	306	—	1,596	1,902
Total	<u>63,250</u>	<u>32,852</u>	<u>6,183</u>	<u>102,285</u>
Derivative liabilities	—	11,083	—	11,083
Total	<u>—</u>	<u>11,083</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>11,083</u>

16. Commitments

Commitments for the acquisition of assets after each closing date are as follows:

	As of December 31, 2014	As of March 31, 2015
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	64,832	62,324

17. Contingencies

As of March 31, 2015, there are no significant changes to the matters described in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

18. Subsequent events

No items to report

2. Other

No items to report

(TRANSLATION)

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

April 30, 2015

To the Board of Directors of
Japan Tobacco Inc.:

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

Designated Unlimited Liability Partner,
Engagement Partner,
Certified Public Accountant:

Yasuyuki Miyasaka (Seal)

Designated Unlimited Liability Partner,
Engagement Partner,
Certified Public Accountant:

Koji Ishikawa (Seal)

Designated Unlimited Liability Partner,
Engagement Partner,
Certified Public Accountant:

Takenao Ohashi (Seal)

Pursuant to the first paragraph of Article 193-2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, we have reviewed the condensed interim consolidated financial statements included in the Accounting Section, namely, the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position of Japan Tobacco Inc. (the "Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015, and the related condensed interim consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and the related notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" under the provision of Article 93 of the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of condensed interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with quarterly review standards generally accepted in Japan.

A review consists primarily of making inquiries, primarily of management and persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical procedures and other quarterly review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan.

We believe that we have obtained the evidence to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting."

Interest

Our firm and the engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company for which disclosure is required under the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act.

The above represents a translation, for convenience only, of the original report issued in the Japanese language.